PRODUCT DESCRIPTION
QUIKRETE® 5000 Concrete Mix is a commercial grade blend of stone or gravel, sand and cement specially designed for higher early strength.

PRODUCT USE
QUIKRETE® 5000 Concrete Mix is suitable for any concrete use requiring high early strength and rapid strength gains. QUIKRETE® 5000 sets quickly, making it ideal for cold weather applications. It has a walk-on time of 10 - 12 hours. QUIKRETE® 5000 can be used for any application requiring concrete in a minimum thickness of 2" (51 mm), such as slabs, footings, steps, columns, walls and patios.

SIZES
• QUIKRETE® 5000 Concrete Mix –
  • 80 lb (36.3 kg) bags
  • 60 lb (27.2 kg) bags
  • 30 kg (66 lb) bags
  • 36 kg (75 lb) bags

YIELD
• Each 80 lb (36.3 kg) bag yields approximately 0.60 cu ft (17 L). A 60 lb (27.2 kg) bag yields approximately 0.45 cu ft (12.7 L).

TECHNICAL DATA
APPLICABLE STANDARDS
ASTM International - ASTM C387 Standard Specification for Packaged, Dry, Combined Materials for Mortar and Concrete

PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL PROPERTIES
QUIKRETE® 5000 High Early Strength Concrete Mix exceeds the compressive strength requirements of ASTM C387, as shown in Table 1.

TABLE 1 TYPICAL PHYSICAL PROPERTIES:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Compressive strength, ASTM C39</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 day</td>
<td>1500 psi (10.3 MPa)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 day</td>
<td>2500 psi (17.2 MPa)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7 days</td>
<td>3500 psi (24.1 MPa)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28 days</td>
<td>5000 psi (34.5 MPa)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Slump range 2" - 3" (51 - 76 mm)

* Tested under standard laboratory conditions in accordance with ASTM C387.

INSTALLATION
SITE PREPARATION
Stake out the area and remove sod or soil to the desired depth. Nail and stake forms securely in place. Tamp the sub-base until firm.

MIXING
MACHINE MIXING
• QUIKRETE® 5000 can be mixed in a barrel-type concrete mixer or a mortar mixer. Choose the mixer size most appropriate for the size of the job to be done. Allow at least 1 cu ft (28 L) of mixer capacity for each 80 lb (36.3 kg) bag of QUIKRETE® 5000 to be mixed at a time
• For each 80 lb (36.3 kg) bag of QUIKRETE® 5000 to be mixed, add approximately 6 pt (2.8 L) of fresh water to the mixer. Turn on the mixer and begin adding the bags of concrete to the mixer
• If the material becomes too difficult to mix, add additional water until a workable mix is obtained
• If a slump cone is available, adjust water to achieve a 2" - 3" (51 - 76 mm) slump

Note - Final water content should be approximately 6 - 10 pt (2.8 - 4.7 L) per 80 lb (36.3 kg) bag and 4.5 - 7 pt (2.1 - 3.3 L) per 60 lb (27.2 kg) bag.

HAND MIXING
• Empty bags into a suitable mixing container
• Add approximately 6 pt (2.8 L) of clean water for each 80 lb (36.3 kg) bag
• Work the mix with a shovel, rake or hoe and add water as needed until a stiff, moldable consistency is achieved
• Do not exceed a total volume of 10 pt (4.7 L) per 80 lb (36.3 kg) bag or 7 pt (3.3 L) per 60 lb (27.2 kg) bag
• Be sure all material is wet; do not leave unabsorbed puddles of water
TEMPERATURE OF WATER
Set times will fluctuate in extremely hot or cold weather. Use cold water or water mixed with ice cubes in severely hot weather; use hot water when mixing in severely cold weather.

APPLICATION
• Dampen the sub-grade before concrete is placed. Do not leave standing puddles
• Shovel or place the concrete into the form. Fill to the full depth of the form
• After the concrete has been compacted and spread to completely fill the forms, strike off and float immediately
• To strike off, use a straight board (screed), moving the edge back and forth with a saw-like motion to smooth the surface. Then use a darby or bull float to float the surface. This helps level any ridges and fill voids left by the straight edge
• Cut the concrete away from the forms by running an edging tool or trowel along the forms to compact the slab edges
• Cut 1” (25.4 mm) control joints into the slab every 6’ - 8’ (1.8 - 2.4 m) using a grooving tool
• Allow the concrete to stiffen slightly, waiting until all water has evaporated from the surface before troweling or applying a broom finish

Note - For best results, do not overwork the material.

CURING
GENERAL
Curing is one of the most important steps in concrete construction. Proper curing increases the strength and durability of concrete, and a poor curing job can ruin an otherwise well-done project. Proper water content and temperature are essential for good curing. In near freezing temperatures, the hydration process slows considerably. When weather is too hot, dry or windy, water is lost by evaporation from the concrete and hydration stops resulting in finishing difficulties and cracks. The ideal circumstances for curing are ample moisture and moderate temperature and wind conditions. Curing should be started as soon as possible and should continue for a period of 5 days in warm weather, 70°F (21°C) or higher, or 7 days in colder weather, 50 – 70°F (10 - 21°C).

SPECIFIC CURING METHODS
QUIKRETE® Acrylic Cure & Seal – Satin Finish (#8730) provides the easiest and most convenient method of curing concrete.
• Apply by sprayer or roller after the final finishing operation when the surface is hard. The surface may be damp, but not wet, when applying curing compound. Complete coverage is essential.
• Other methods of providing proper curing include covering the surface with wet burlap, keeping the surface wet with a lawn sprinkler and sealing the concrete surface with plastic sheeting
• If burlap is used, it should be free of chemicals that could weaken or discolor the concrete. New burlap should be washed before use. Place it when the concrete is hard enough to withstand surface damage and sprinkle it periodically to keep the concrete surface continuously moist.
• Water curing with lawn sprinklers or hoses must be continuous to prevent interruption of the curing process
• Curing with plastic sheets is convenient. They must be laid flat, thoroughly sealed at joints and anchored carefully along edges

PRECAUTIONS
• When used in structural elements, comply with the steel reinforcing and additional requirements of applicable building codes.
• Curing compounds should not be applied if rain or temperatures below 50°F (10°C) are expected within 24 hours.
• Curing with plastic or burlap can cause patchy discoloration in colored concrete. For colored concrete, wet curing or chemical curing compounds are recommended.
• Use of Acrylic Cure & Seal – Satin Finish (#8730) or other curing compounds is not recommended during late fall in northern climates on surfaces where de-icers will be used to melt ice and snow. Using curing compounds at that time may prevent proper air curing of the concrete, which is necessary to enhance its resistance to damage caused by deicers.
• Protect concrete from freezing during the first 48 hours. Plastic sheeting and insulation blankets should be used if temperatures are expected to fall below 32°F (0°C).

WARRANTY
NOTICE: Obtain the applicable LIMITED WARRANTY: at www.quikrete.com/product-warranty or send a written request to The Quikrete Companies, LLC, Five Concourse Parkway, Atlanta, GA 30328, USA. Manufactured under the authority of The Quikrete Companies, LLC. © 2018 Quikrete International, Inc.

* Refer to www.quikrete.com for the most current technical data, SDS, and guide specifications